

# Initial En Route Qualification Training

Lesson 07
Forwarding Flight Plan and Control Information

Course 50148001

### **LESSON PLAN DATA SHEET**

**COURSE NAME:** INITIAL EN ROUTE QUALIFICATION TRAINING

**COURSE NUMBER:** 50148001

LESSON TITLE: FORWARDING FLIGHT PLAN AND CONTROL INFORMATION

**DURATION:** 8+30 HOURS

**DATE REVISED:** 2022-02 **VERSION:** V.2022-02

**REFERENCE(S):** FAA ORDER JO 7110.65, AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL

**HANDOUT(S):** ffp&ci.f2k - EXERCISE STRIPS

**EXERCISE(S)/** ACTIVITY: ANALYZING SCENARIOS

**ACTIVITY(S):** EXERCISE: FORWARDING FLIGHT PLAN AND CONTROL

**INFORMATION** 

**END-OF-LESSON** 

TEST:

YES

PERFORMANCE

TEST:

**NONE** 

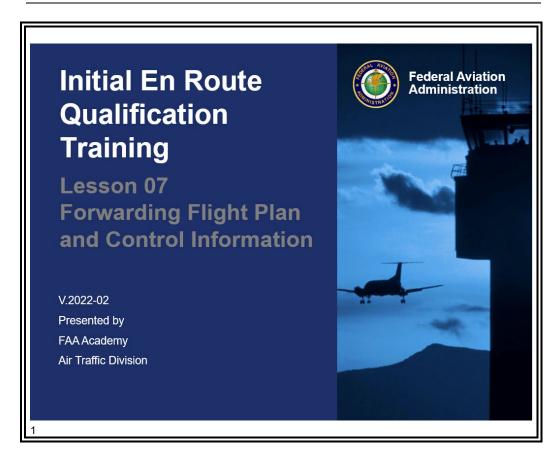
MATERIALS: NONE

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:

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## INTRODUCTION

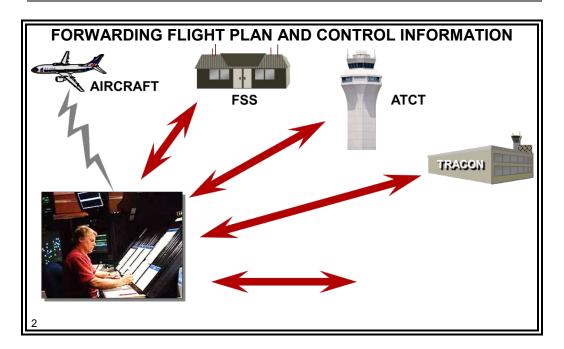


All of the previous lessons that covered separate skills are starting to mesh into a set of related functions essential to your success as an air traffic controller. By using your mastery of recording and interpreting information on flight progress strips and utilizing the interphone equipment, you will be required to communicate flight plan and control information to other controllers and facilities. These skills ensure that the critical information needed for everyone to do their job safely and efficiently is received by the controllers who need this information.

Continued on next page

50148001-LP07 / V.2022-02

## **INTRODUCTION** (Continued)



While automation is a time saving tool for controllers, it does **not** completely eliminate the requirement for coordination. Even in an automated environment, you **must** know how and when to pass control information and revisions in order to keep control information up to date. Mastery of this skill set is critical for aviation safety.

### **Purpose**

An important task in managing air traffic is determining who should receive control information and revisions and how and when they should be forwarded. In this lesson you will learn how to properly forward control information.

## **INTRODUCTION** (Continued)

### Lesson Objectives

### **LESSON OBJECTIVES**

- On an End-of-Lesson Test, and in accordance with FAA Order JO 7110.65, you will identify selected procedures and/or phraseology for forwarding flight plan and control information to:
  - ATC facilities, including approach controls, nonapproach control towers, other centers, and Flight Service Stations (FSSs)
  - Other controllers

3

## **FLIGHT PLANS**

## Recording Information

JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-1, 2-3-2, table 2-3-1

- When flight plans are filed directly with the center, record all items given by the pilot on one of the following:
  - Flight progress strip
  - Flight data entry (automated)
  - Voice recorder
    - Enter, in space 26 of the initial flight progress strip, the sector or position number to identify where information may be found in the event Search and Rescue (SAR) activities become necessary

# Forwarding Information JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-2

- Except during En Route Flight Data Processing (FDP) operations, forward flight plan information to appropriate:
  - · ATC facilities
  - FSSs
  - Military Base Operations (BASOPS)

**NOTE:** Flight information data is forwarded to automated facilities during En Route FDP operations. Both the data and time the information was sent is recorded automatically. If the computer fails, information will need to be sent manually.

• Record the time of filing and delivery on the flight progress strips.

## IFR FLIGHT PROGRESS DATA

## Forwarding Data

JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-6

- As the aircraft progresses along its route, forward data from:
  - Controller to controller within the facility, then to:
  - Receiving facility
- Ensure information is correct and up to date.
- Do **not** use the remarks section of flight progress strip in lieu of voice coordination to pass control information.
- Use automation in preference to manual procedures when permitted by:
  - Workload
  - Communications
  - Equipment capabilities
- Forward flight progress data at least 15 minutes before aircraft is estimated to enter the receiving facility's area.

**NOTE:** Letter of Agreement or facility directive may allow for reduction of time requirements; if operationally necessary due to manual data processing or nonradar operations, time requirements may be increased.

### Items To Be Forwarded JO 7110.65,

par. 2-2-6

#### O Forward:

- Aircraft identification
- Number of aircraft (if more than one), heavy indicator (if appropriate), type of aircraft, equipment suffix

**NOTE:** H = heavy

- Assigned altitude and ETA over last reporting point/fix in your sector, or assumed departure time where applicable
- Altitude at which aircraft will enter receiving facility's area if other than assigned

**NOTE:** This includes climbing or descending to assigned altitude.

## IFR FLIGHT PROGRESS DATA (Continued)

Items To Be Forwarded (Cont'd) JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-6

- True airspeed
- · Point of departure
- · Remaining route of flight
- Destination airport and clearance limit if other than destination airport
- ETA at destination airport
  - Not required for military or scheduled air carrier
- Requested altitude, if other than assigned altitude
  - Within a facility only

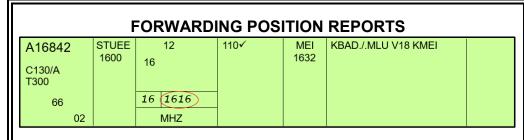
**NOTE:** Pilot will reinitiate request with next facility if another altitude is still desired.

- Assigned beacon code
  - When flight plan is forwarded manually and aircraft is on a computer-assigned beacon code
- Longitudinal separation used between aircraft at the same altitude if less than 10 minutes separation exists at boundary
- Additional non-routine information pertinent to flight safety

**Example:** Minimum Fuel or Emergencies

## IFR FLIGHT PROGRESS DATA (Continued)

### Position Reports JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-6





"D SIXTY-FIVE, D SIXTY-SIX, PROGRESS, AT MERIDIAN AIR FORCE ONE SIX EIGHT FOUR TWO, OVER MAGNOLIA VORTAC ONE SIX ONE SIX."

- Forward position report over last reporting point in transferring facility's area if any one of the following conditions exists:
  - Progress time differs by more than 3 minutes from the estimate given

**NOTE:** During En Route FDP operations, time updates will be forwarded via the computer.

- · Forwarding is requested by the receiving facility
- · Forwarding is agreed to between facilities

### Stripmarking JO 7110.65, par. 2-3-10

#### O Circle in red:

- Information or revised information forwarded
- Minutes and altitude when a flight plan or estimate is forwarded
  - Interfacility (between facilities)
  - Intrafacility (within a facility)

**NOTE:** Although the requirement is to **only** circle the minutes, circling the hours and minutes is acceptable to ensure legibility.

## IFR FLIGHT PROGRESS DATA (Continued)

Knowledge Check

### **KNOWLEDGE CHECK**

QUESTION: How many minutes before an aircraft is estimated to enter a receiving facility's area must flight progress data be forwarded?

**KNOWLEDGE CHECK** 

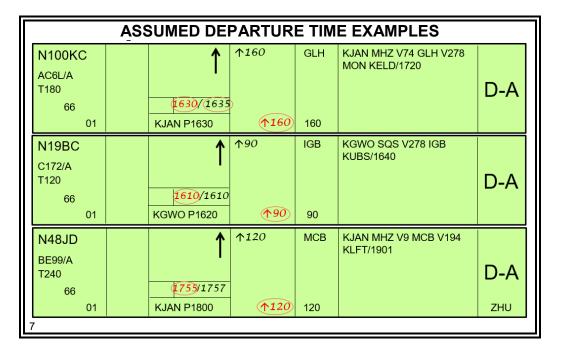
**QUESTION:** Other than the time component, what item should be circled in red to indicate that a flight plan or estimate has been forwarded?

6

## **COORDINATING WITH RECEIVING FACILITY**

### Coordinating Departures JO 7110.65, par. 4-3-8

- Coordinate with receiving facility before departure if departure point is less than **15 minutes** flying time from the boundary.
  - If automated transfer of flight data occurs, coordination requirements may be reduced by letter of agreement (LOA) to:
    - Five minutes, or
    - Specified mileage



- Forward departure time or subsequent strip posting time unless:
  - The assumed departure time is within three minutes of actual departure time

## **APPROACH CONTROL FACILITIES**

### Arrival Information JO 7110.65, par. 4-7-6

- Forward the following information:
  - Aircraft identification
  - Type of aircraft and equipment suffix
    - Heavy indicator, if appropriate
    - Number of aircraft, if more than one
  - ETA or actual time over clearance limit and proposed or actual altitude
    - Do **not** forward ETA if information is forwarded during a radar handoff
    - Include altitude restrictions inside approach control airspace
  - Clearance limit (when other than destination airport) and EFC time issued:
    - Clearance limit may be omitted if covered in an LOA

**NOTE:** The ZAE/JAN APCH LOA requires forwarding of destination airport if other than KJAN.

- Time, fix, or altitude when control responsibility is transferred to approach control
  - May be omitted if covered in an LOA

## → Phraseology

"(Identification) (type of aircraft), ESTIMATED/OVER (clearance limit), (time), (altitude), EFC (time)

if required,

YOUR CONTROL,

or

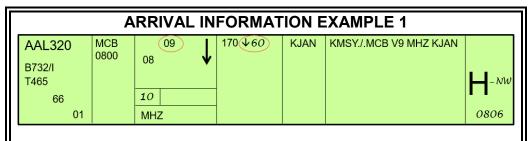
YOUR CONTROL AT (time, fix, altitude)."

**NOTE:** When forwarding arrival information, advise receiving controller of the purpose of the call, either when calling or at the beginning of coordination, by stating "INBOUND."

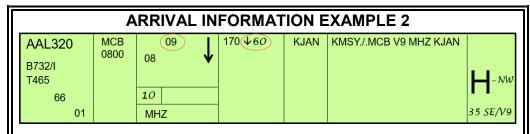
## **APPROACH CONTROL FACILITIES** (Continued)

Arrival Information (Cont'd) JO 7110.65, par. 4-7-6





"AMERICAN THREE TWENTY, BOEING SEVEN THIRTY-TWO SLANT INDIA, ESTIMATED MAGNOLIA VORTAC ZERO EIGHT ZERO NINER, DESCENDING TO SIX THOUSAND, MCCOMB VICTOR NINER, YOUR CONTROL ZERO EIGHT ZERO SIX."



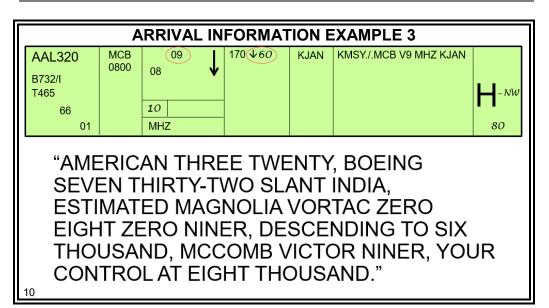
+ Phraseology Example

"AMERICAN THREE TWENTY, BOEING SEVEN THIRTY-TWO SLANT INDIA, ESTIMATED MAGNOLIA VORTAC ZERO EIGHT ZERO NINER, DESCENDING TO SIX THOUSAND, YOUR CONTROL THREE FIVE MILES SOUTHEAST MAGNOLIA VORTAC ON VICTOR NINER."

## **APPROACH CONTROL FACILITIES** (Continued)

Arrival Information (Cont'd) JO 7110.65, par. 4-7-6





## **APPROACH CONTROL FACILITIES** (Continued)

# **Time Parameter**JO 7110.65, pars. 4-7-6, 4-7-9

- Forward inbound information to approach control facilities before transfer of control jurisdiction.
- Transfer radio communications and control responsibility early enough to allow receiving facility to clear aircraft beyond clearance limit prior to aircraft reaching it.

## Stripmarking

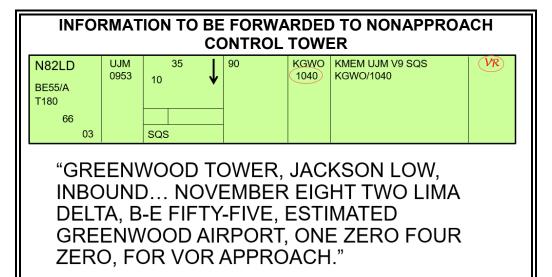
JO 7110.65, par. 2-3-2, table 2-3-1, par. 2-3-10, figure 2-3-8

- Circle the following forwarded information in red:
  - Minutes
  - Altitude
    - Including appropriate restrictions
  - · Pertinent remarks
- Write release point in space 29.
  - Enter current time if control is released on contact

## NONAPPROACH CONTROL TOWERS

Arrival Information JO 7110.65, par. 4-7-6

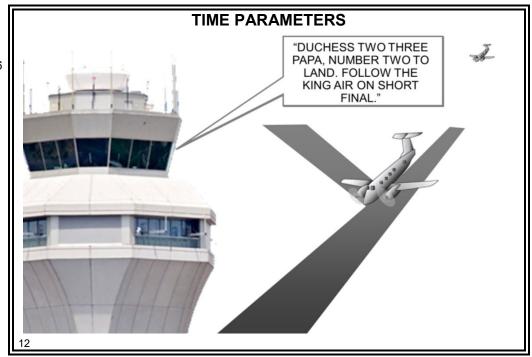




- Forward the following items:
  - Aircraft identification
  - Type of aircraft
  - ETA
  - · Type of instrument approach aircraft will execute
    - VOR approach will be coordinated at KGWO

## NONAPPROACH CONTROL TOWERS (Continued)

**Time Parameters**JO 7110.65,
pars. 2-1-16, 4-7-6



- Forward arrival information to non-approach control tower:
  - · Soon enough to permit adjustment of traffic flow
  - Before issuing a clearance that requires flight within a surface area of which the tower has responsibility, unless covered in an LOA

## NONAPPROACH CONTROL TOWERS (Continued)

### **Stripmarking**

JO 7110.65, par. 2-3-2, table 2-3-1, par. 2-3-10, figure 2-3-8

- Circle the following forwarded information in red:
  - Minutes
  - Type of approach
    - May be preplanned in red in space 28 of flight progress strip

## Communications Transfer

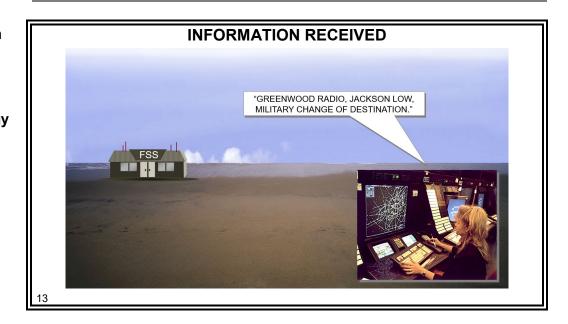
JO 7110.65, par. 2-1-16 • Transfer communications to the appropriate facility prior to operation within surface area for which tower has responsibility.

## **AIRBORNE MILITARY FLIGHTS**

Information Received

JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-12

+ Phraseology Example



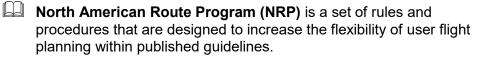
**NOTE:** This makes current information available to FSS for relay to military bases concerned and for use by centers in the event of two-way radio communications failure.

- Forward to FSS the following information from airborne military flights:
  - · IFR flight plans
  - Changes from VFR to IFR flight plans
  - Changes to IFR flight plans, such as:
    - Change in destination
      - → Aircraft identification and type
      - → Departure point
      - → Original destination
      - → Position and time
      - → New destination
      - $\rightarrow$  ETA
      - → Remarks, including change in fuel exhaustion time
      - → Revised ETA
    - Change in fuel exhaustion time

**NOTE:** Fuel exhaustion time is given in hours and minutes.

## **NORTH AMERICAN ROUTE PROGRAM (NRP)**

North American Route Program (NRP) Definition JO 7110.65, Pilot/Controller Glossary



## **Procedures** JO 7110.65, par. 2-2-15

- "NRP" must only be entered in the remarks section of a flight plan when prior coordination is accomplished:
  - With the Air Traffic Control System Command Center (ATCSCC), or
  - By international NRP flight operations procedures
- When an international flight entering the conterminous United States requests to participate in NRP, the en route facility that received the request must enter "NRP" in the remarks section of the flight plan.
- "NRP" **must** be retained in the remarks section of the flight plan if the aircraft is moved due to:
  - Weather
  - Traffic
  - Other tactical reasons

**NOTE:** Return aircraft to original filed route as soon as conditions warrant.

• If a pilot requests a change in route, remove "NRP" from the remarks section.

#### **Exercise**

## FORWARDING FLIGHT PLAN AND CONTROL INFORMATION EXERCISE



**Purpose:** to practice completing coordination and required stripmarking

**Directions:** complete the coordination and stripmarking

14

#### **Purpose**

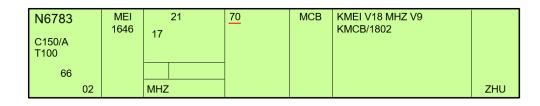
This exercise is designed to give you practice in forwarding flight plan and control information and revisions to centers, approach controls and nonapproach control towers. Normally controllers rely on the computer to forward amended information; however, the computer is **not** operational at all times. In this exercise, you will forward all control information and make the required stripmarking as if the computer were **not** operational.

### **Directions**

In this exercise, each student will be called on individually to be the D66 controller, complete the coordination, and the required stripmarking. Instructors will assume all other controller roles (Ghost) and pilot roles (Pilot).

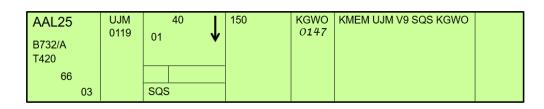
Remember, if you initiate an interphone call, end that call with your operating initials.

## **Strips**



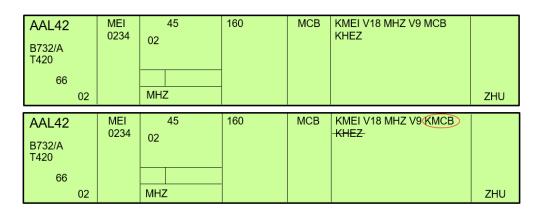
1. Instructor: Call as D65 to revise N6783's altitude to 80.

Strips (Cont'd)



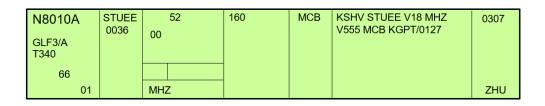
2. Instructor: Advise the RA controller to forward the arrival information to Greenwood Tower.

Strips (Cont'd)



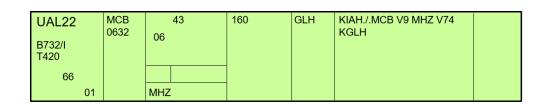
3. Instructor: Call as D65 to revise AAL42's routing to MHZ V9 MCB (landing MCB).

Strips (Cont'd)



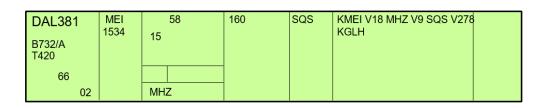
4. Instructor: Advise the RA controller that the flight plan on N8010A did **not** pass to ZHU.

Strips (Cont'd)



5. Instructor: Call as ZHU with a revised MCB estimate for UAL22.

Strips (Cont'd)



6. Instructor: Call as D65 to revise DAL381's routing to MHZ V74 GLH.

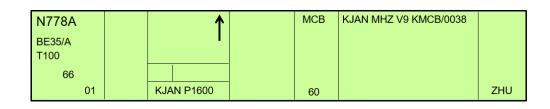
## Strips (Cont'd)

N65° C650/ T420		EIC 0256	22 03	210	MEI	KSHV EIC J4 KMEI /0328	
	66 01		17 MHZ				

7. Instructor: As Pilot of N651CC:

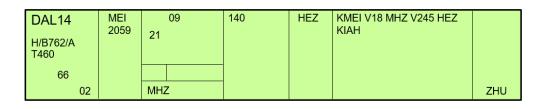
"Aero Center, Citation Six Five One Charlie Charlie, over Magnolia VORTAC zero three one eight, flight level two one zero, estimating Meridian VORTAC zero three two six."

Strips (Cont'd)



8. Instructor: Advise student to coordinate an assumed departure time for N778A of 1602.

Strips (Cont'd)



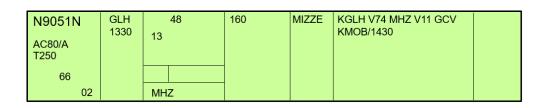
9. Instructor: Call as D65 to revise DAL14's altitude climbing to 160.

Strips (Cont'd)



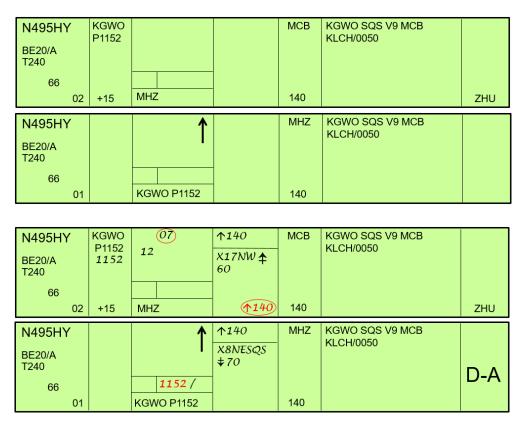
10. Instructor: Instruct the RA controller to coordinate the assumed departure time of 0310.

Strips (Cont'd)



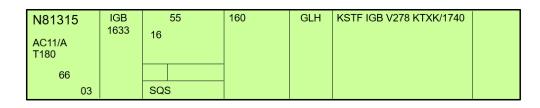
11. Instructor: Call as Sector 67 to revise N9051N's route to MHZ V9 MCB KMOB.

Strips (Cont'd)



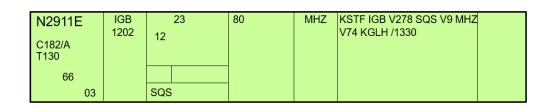
12. Instructor: Advise student to coordinate MHZ estimate using the proposed departure time to calculate MHZ estimate.

Strips (Cont'd)



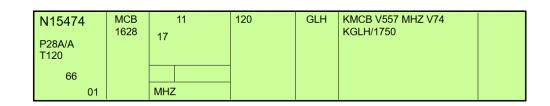
13. Instructor: Call as D12 to revise N81315's IGB estimate to 1638 and altitude to 140.

## Strips (Cont'd)



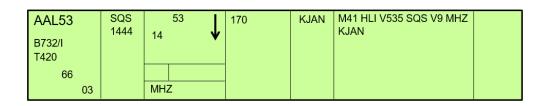
- 14. Instructor: Advise the RA controller to mark the strip for N2911E to reflect the following information:
  - Aircraft is on frequency and has reported level at 8,000 feet
  - Revised routing is SQS V278 GLH

Strips (Cont'd)



15. Instructor: Call as ZHU to revise N15474's altitude to 140.

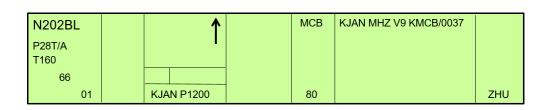
### Strips (Cont'd)



- 16. Instructor: Instruct the RA controller to mark the strip for AAL53 with the following information:
  - The aircraft is descending to 6,000 feet
  - The aircraft has been cleared to MHZ VORTAC and hold northwest
  - The Transfer of Control Point (TCP) is 17 miles northwest of the Magnolia VORTAC on Victor niner.

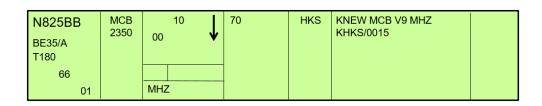
After the strip has been marked, advise the RA controller to forward the inbound to the appropriate facility.

Strips (Cont'd)



17. Instructor: Advise student to coordinate an assumed departure time for N202BL of 1200.

Strips (Cont'd)



- 18. Instructor: Advise the RA controller:
  - 1. That the Transfer of Control Point (TCP) is 35 miles southeast Magnolia VORTAC on Victor Niner; and
  - 2. To forward the inbound to the appropriate facility.

## **ACTIVITY: ANALYZING SCENARIOS**

### **Activity**

### **ANALYZING SCENARIOS ACTIVITY**



**Purpose:** to determine if the presented communications and stripmarkings are correct based on the information presented in the lesson

## Description

In this activity, you are presented with 9 scenarios. Each scenario will include an audio of a coordination activity and a corresponding flight strip which is "marked" as the audio progresses. After this case is presented, you will be asked to determine if the communication and the stripmarking are correct based on the information presented in the lesson. Feedback will be given immediately.

### **Directions**

Access the IET eLearning menu. Select **Lesson 7 – Forwarding Flight Plan** and **Control Information**. Click on the title to launch the **Analyzing Scenarios** activity.

### **Time Allotted**

30 minutes

## IN CONCLUSION

### Lesson Review

### **LESSON REVIEW**

## The following topics were covered in this lesson:

- Flight plans
- IFR flight progress data
- Coordinating with receiving facility
- Approach control facilities
- Nonapproach control towers
- Airborne military flights
- North American Route Program (NRP)



35

### End-of-Lesson Test

### **END-OF-LESSON TEST**

Forwarding Flight Plan and Control Information



36

50148001-LP07 / V.2022-02

39